



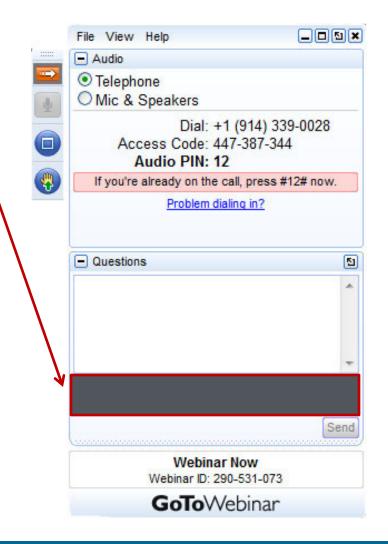


**Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies** 

Dirk Cairns-Gallimore
Office of Nuclear Energy

# How to Ask Questions During This Webinar

- Submit questions using the GoToWebinar software by typing in the Webinar ID field.
- Questions that do not get answered during the allotted time will be answered and posted on www.NEUP.gov.
- □ Specific questions on individual eligibility or workscope detail should be addressed offline.



# Background

- In the FY21 appropriations, Congress provided funding for a "new program to strengthen the pipeline of new materials that can make the current fleet, as well as new advanced reactors, more resilient and economically competitive."
- The U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Reactor Fleet and Advanced Reactor Deployment is working to establish the new program, Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies (AMMT).
- The plan is to achieve this through integration and coordination of existing programs and continued collaboration with the best expertise in government and our partners.
- The challenge is to align these material's design, modeling and simulation, manufacturing, and demonstration R&D efforts towards focused goal driven processes and products whose end uses are adapted to market conditions.

# Datapoints that help define the program

- The AMMT program is merged from three other existing programs
  - Advanced Methods for Manufacturing (AMM)
  - Nuclear Materials Discovery and Qualification Initiative (NMDQi)
  - Transformational Challenge Reactor (TCR)
- This program is intended to addresses the whole lifecycle for materials, including:
  - Design
  - Material
  - Manufacturing and creation
  - Validation, verification, and testing
  - Performance requirements
  - Certification, acceptance, and qualification
  - Supply chain and sustainment

# Vision

### Programmatic Goals

- Strengthen the pipeline of new materials that can make advanced reactors and the current fleet more resilient and economically competitive
- Establish a wholistic understanding of materials and supply chain needs and priorities, to deploy and maintain reactors and determine priorities of various materials programs
- Increase collaboration among all stakeholders, driving an iterative process of development, implementation, and acceptance of advanced technologies

## Defining Success

- Deployment of domestic economically viable technology as well as the scientific and engineering expertise to support its use.
- Ensure solution options that support the current fleet and new advanced reactor technologies.

# **Initiated Activities**

# Data Collection

- Requested information on materials, manufacturing, and infrastructure from industry
- Initial Literature reviews
- Functioned to:
  - Ensure that DOE had an up to date understanding of current industry efforts
  - Make sure that future proposed work maximizes support across the stakeholders with limited or no duplication of activities.
  - Provide data to help prioritize research and investments

# Upcoming qualification workshop hosted by EPRI/NEI/GAIN

- On August 24-25, 2021
- The purpose of the workshop is to begin to develop an integrated approach to the AMMT qualification processes for materials and components and identify current challenges.
- More information at:
   https://gain.inl.gov/SitePages/AMMQualificationWorkshop2021.aspx

# CT-3.1: Multi-Material Systems

#### Federal POC - Dirk Cairns-Gallimore

Technical POC – Isabella Van Rooyen Eligible to Lead: Universities Only

Up to 2 years and \$500,000

#### **Background:**

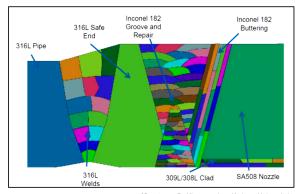
- Economic demand of new advanced reactor technologies under diverse and extreme environments
  - Expanded application envelope of material and product systems from current qualified material portfolio and manufacturing processes.
- Need flexibility in material systems for multiple reactor systems
  - no single material can satisfy comprehensively
  - results in long development processes, or multiple material systems to be developed

#### **Possible Solutions:**

- To enhance economics and robustness of designs:
  - Multiple cladding and coating technologies for specific reactor systems
  - Minimizing mechanical transitions or weldments of dissimilar materials
  - Minimize the complexity and number of manufacturing and assembly operations
  - Functional graded materials considered for multiple surface functions as environmental and thermal barriers



[Courtesy: Dr Sam Sham]



[Courtesy: Dr Xiaoyuan Lou (Auburn University) Award Number: DE-NE0008996]

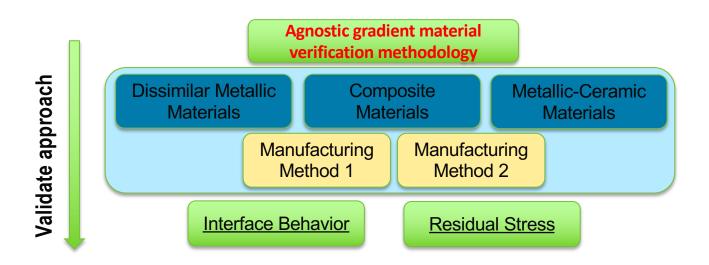
# CT-3.1: Multi-Material Systems

#### **Proposal Request:**

 Seeking an integrated approach for an agnostic gradient material verification methodology in terms of interface and residual stress requirements.

#### Required:

- Include a substantive gap-analysis on earlier research and current standards, modeling and simulation activities, the use of digital twins, accelerated testing and characterization for proof of concepts.
- Detailed justification for the material and manufacturing process choices that will be used for the proof-of-concept research.
- Industry Partnership: This research is aiming to aid the deployment of advanced reactor technology in the foreseeing future.



# CT-3.2: Advanced Creep Mechanisms

#### Federal POC – Dirk Cairns-Gallimore

Technical POC – Robert Roach Eligible to Lead: Universities Only Up to 2 years and \$500,000

# Examples of Different Advanced Reactor Designs Being Developed By Industry Fast Reactor General Aborice Reactor General Aborice Reactor General Aborice Fast Modular Reactor Wellingbook, LFR TerraPower AGEI Novice Davis Willingbook, LFR TerraPower AGEI Novice Davis Willingbook, LFR TerraPower AGEI Novice Davis Willingbook, LFR TerraPower AGEI Novice Davis Modular Reactor Willingbook, LFR TerraPower AGEI Novice Davis Modular Reactor TorraPower NOVIR Willingbook, LFR TerraPower NOVIR Willingbook, LFR TerraPower NOVIR Novice Davis Modular Reactor TorraPower NOVIR Novice Davis Novice Davis

#### [Courtesy: Dr Sam Sham]

#### **Background:**

- Deployment of advanced reactor concepts requires materials that can withstand extreme environments.
  - Innovations in radiation, high temperatures, and non-aqueous corrosion.
  - Innovative materials design, manufacture, and testing is required to accelerate the development and qualification of materials.
- A new approach to the nuclear material design cycle is desired.
  - Focuses on transformational materials design, advanced additive manufacturing, and accelerated materials testing
  - Develops novel approaches to assess time-dependent phenomena relevant to reactor licensing and operation on a reduced timeline such that it accelerates test results

#### **Proposal Request:**

- Modeling, simulation, and/or machine learning methodology for clarifying creep mechanisms to overcome the traditional surface-to-bulk constraints limiting sample specimen sizes and to interpret experimental data
- Methods developed by proposals, e.g., characterization techniques, should be ones that can be deployed in irradiation environments such as hot cells

# CT-3.3: High Throughput Testing for Advanced Manufactured Materials

#### Federal POC – Dirk Cairns-Gallimore

Technical POC – Ben Betzler

Eligible to Lead: Universities Only

Up to 2 years and \$500,000

# Examples of Different Advanced Reactor Designs Being Developed By Industry

#### **Background:**

- Additive manufacturing techniques can yield large amounts of location-specific in situ data that are stored in a digital thread for a given part or component.
- A corresponding manufacturing digital platform uses artificial intelligence techniques to establish links between characteristics within these digital threads and post-manufacturing testing datasets.
- Generating testing data for a variety of material properties is critical for developing and demonstrating a digital platform informed approach to component certification.

#### **Proposal Request:**

- This call focuses on the development and application of novel high throughput thermophysical or mechanical property testing techniques that can yield spatial data with at least 1 mm resolution for additive manufactured builds.
- Proposals should include detailed description of the proposed measurement technique(s) and the methods to store and track spatially resolved data.

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The choice of material and additive manufacturing process should be appropriately justified.

energy.gov/ne

# **Questions?**

